
The below answer sheet is for your own self-assessment.
Please keep your completed questionnaires and answers on file for your record.
These do not need to be sent to CPD Live. CPD-Live will send you certificate.

SPECIFYING BATHROOM FIXTURES FOR HOSPITALS - MEETING THE INFECTIOUS DISEASE CHALLENGE



1) Name the three types of infectious diseases found in hospital environments.

- Waterborne Infections
- Viruses
- Bacterial infections

2) Name two ways in which Smart Fixtures can help improve hygiene within healthcare environments.

Answers include any two of the following:

- Boost hygiene compliance and improve efficiency
- Access insights on cleanliness and hygiene
- Identify fixture malfunctions
- Observe behaviours and correct them through education
- Reduce transmission of both bacteria and viruses

3) What is the difference between bacteria and viruses?

Bacteria are single complex cell organisms, which can survive on their own, inside or outside the body. Viruses are not cells, and need a host (e.g. human or animal) to enter a healthy cell and multiply.

4) Are antibacterial surfaces effective in preventing the transmission of bacterial infections, viruses, or both?

Bacterial infections only.

5) In what types of healthcare environments must Type B Clinical Basins be installed?

Type B Clinical Basins must be used in areas requiring hand hygiene by staff and visitors for patient care situations and aseptic procedures.

6) Name the most common waterborne organisms likely to be found in hospital environments.

- Legionella bacteria
- Mycobacteria
- Pseudomonas