

The below answer sheet is for your own self-assessment.  
Please keep your completed questionnaires and answers on file for your record.  
These do not need to be sent to CPD Live. CPD-Live will send you certificate.

## Deemed to Satisfy Compliant Level Entry Thresholds– A Technical Guide

Proudly supported by



**1. What are the origins of the NCC regulations that apply to the installation of Level Entry Thresholds?**

The regulations were originally published as 'The Livable Design Guide'

**2. Why do most specifiers follow the Deemed to Satisfy (DTS), rather than the Performance Solution pathway when specifying Level Entry Thresholds?**

Performance Solutions are not only unnecessary, but also more time consuming and more expensive than DTS solutions.

**3. Where in the new Livable Housing Design Guide are Level Entry Thresholds referenced?**

The Livable Housing Design Guide references Level Entry Thresholds in Part 2, clauses 2.2, 2.3, and 2.4.

**4. When considering Level Entry Thresholds and the NCC, is aiming to meet only the minimum requirements always the best option? Why/Why Not?** No, because in some case aiming to exceed the minimum requirements set out in the NCC is actually cheaper and less time-consuming.

**5. On balcony applications, is it permissible to use spitters as the main drainage system?**

No, the use of spitters in this way is prohibited. However, they may be used on balconies as overflows.

**6. . In cases where pedestal pavers and threshold drains are installed on raised balconies, what measures should be taken to keep excess water off the drains?**

The pavers should fall away from the building. This reduces the risk of the door track flooding, and also reduces the amount of water retained on the surface of the paver.